## **Amendments to the Claims:**

Please replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application with the following listing of claims.

## Listing of claims

Claim 1 (Canceled)

Claim 2 (Currently Amended): A method for estimating interference in a radiocommunication system comprising the steps of:

reserving at least one code in a set of codes for interference measurement only such that said at least one code is never used for transmitting signals;

receiving a composite signal that was not spread by using said at least one reserved code; and

estimating said interference at a receiver using by correlating with said at least one reserved code.

Claim 3 (Canceled)

Claim 4 (Original): The method of claim 2, further comprising the step of: broadcasting information identifying said at least one code to said receiver.

Claim 5 (Currently Amended): A mobile station comprising:

a receiver for receiving a <u>composite</u> signal over an air interface and despreading said signal using at least one channelization code;

a processor for providing said at least one channelization code to said receiver, said at least one channelization code including a reserved code that is used only to estimate interference associated with said received signal,

wherein said reserved code is never used for transmitting said signal.

Claim 6 (Original): The mobile station of claim 5, wherein said receiver receives information over said air interface that identifies said reserved code.

Claim 7 (Original): The mobile station of claim 5, wherein said at least one channelization code also includes a code associated with a traffic channel assigned to said mobile station.

Claim 8 (Currently Amended): The mobile station of claim 7, A mobile station comprising:

a receiver for receiving a signal over an air interface and despreading said signal using at least one channelization code; and

a processor for providing said at least one channelization code to said receiver, said at least one channelization code including a reserved code that is used only to estimate interference associated with said received signal,

wherein said at least one channelization code also includes a code associated with a traffic channel assigned to said mobile station; and

wherein said code associated with said traffic channel is selected based upon a desired user bit rate for a connection between said mobile station and a radiocommunication system.

Claim 9-11 (Canceled)

Claim 12 (Original): The method of claim 2, further comprising the step of: storing said at least one code in a terminal's memory.

Claim 13 (Original): The mobile station of claim 5, further comprising: a memory for storing said reserved code.

Claim 14 (Previously Presented): The mobile station of Claim 5, wherein the received signal does not contain data intended for the receiver and spread with the reserved code.

Claims 15-16 (Not Entered)

Claim 17 (Previously Presented): The method of Claim 2, wherein the at least one code is reserved within a communication cell to which the receiver belongs.

Claim 18 (Previously Presented): The mobile station of Claim 5, wherein the reserved code is reserved within a communication cell to which the mobile station belongs.

Claim 19 (Previously Presented): The method of Claim 2, wherein the estimating comprises despreading the received composite signal using the reserved at least one code, and the despread result contains only interference with respect to the mobile station.

Claim 20 (Previously Presented): The mobile station of Claim 5, wherein the receiver despreads the received signal using the reserved code, and the despread result contains only interference with respect to the receiver.

Claim 21 (Currently Amended): A method for estimating interference in a system comprising a transmitter and a receiver, the method comprising the steps of:

reserving at least one code in a set of codes for interference measurement only, wherein the reserved at least one code is used within the system only to despread received signals and not to encode signals for transmission;

transmitting a signal that was not spread by using the reserved at least one code; receiving the signal; and

estimating interference at the receiver by despreading the received composite signal using the <u>reserved</u> at least one <del>reserved</del> code.

Claim 22 (Currently Amended): A method of estimating interference at a receiver in a communications system, the method comprising:

receiving a composite signal that includes a transmitted signal representing a data stream that has been spread by means of a first spreading code;

using the first spreading code to despread the composite signal and thereby retrieve the transmitted signal; and

estimating interference at the receiver by using a second spreading code to despread the composite signal, wherein the estimated interference represents interference that occurred during that part of the composite signal that includes the data stream,

wherein the second spreading code is reserved for interference measurement such that the second spreading code is not typically used for spreading traffic.

Claim 23 (Previously Presented): The method of claim 22, wherein the composite signal never includes a transmitted signal representing a data stream that has been spread by means of the second spreading code.

Claim 24 (Previously Presented): The method of claim 22, comprising:

prior to receiving the composite signal, receiving a transmitted signal that includes information identifying the second spreading code.

Claim 25 (Previously Presented): The method of claim 22, wherein each of the first and second spreading codes is an Orthogonal Variable Spreading Factor (OVSF) code selected from a code-tree.

Claim 26 (Previously Presented): The method of claim 25, wherein the second code has a spreading factor greater than or equal to 256.

Claim 27 (Currently Amended): A mobile unit for use in a communications system, the mobile unit comprising:

a receiver that receives a composite signal that includes a transmitted signal representing a data stream that has been spread by means of a first spreading code;

despreading logic that uses the first spreading code to despread the composite signal and thereby retrieve the transmitted signal; and

interference estimating logic that estimates interference at the receiver by using a second spreading code to despread the composite signal, wherein the estimated interference represents interference that occurred during that part of the composite signal that includes the data stream,

wherein the second spreading code is reserved for interference measurement such that the second spreading code is not typically used for spreading traffic.

Claim 28 (Previously Presented): The mobile unit of claim 27, wherein the composite signal never includes a transmitted signal representing a data stream that has been spread by means of the second spreading code.

Application No.: 09/525,898

Old Attorney's Docket No. <u>040070-922</u>

New Attorney's Docket No. <u>0119-030.01</u>

Page 6

Claim 29 (Previously Presented): The mobile unit of claim 27, comprising:

logic for retrieving, from a signal received prior to the composite signal, information identifying the second spreading code prior to receiving the composite signal.

Claim 30 (Previously Presented): The mobile unit of claim 27, wherein each of the first and second spreading codes is an Orthogonal Variable Spreading Factor (OVSF) code selected from a code-tree.

Claim 31 (Previously Presented): The mobile unit of claim 30, wherein the second code has a spreading factor greater than or equal to 256.